NYSCL DOCCase 116-cv-04729-KAM-RLM Document 1 Filed 08/24/16 Page Rede 28 et ane som 1/2016

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF QUEENS

NATHANIEL ISAAC,

Plaintiff,

-against-

THE CITY OF NEW YORK, P.O. ROBERTO ASSENCAO, P.O. LISAURA MESSA, LT. BRIAN KENNY, DET. JOHN HACHADOORIAN, DET. RONALD BUELL, AND "JOHN DOES 1-10",

Defendants.

Index No.: Purchased On:

Plaintiff designates QUEENS as the place of trial.

The basis of the venue is place of occurrence

SUMMONS

To the above named Defendants:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the Complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your Answer or, if the Complaint is not served with the Summons, to serve a notice of appearance, on Plaintiff's Attorneys within 20 days after the service of the Summons, exclusive of the day of service (or within 30 days after the service is complete if the Summons is not personally delivered to you within the State of New York); and in case of your failure to appear or answer, a judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in this Verified Complaint.

Dated: Mineola, New York August 1, 2016

FINZ & FINZ, P.C.

Ameer Benno, Esq.

410 East Jericho Turnpike

Mineola, NY 11501 Tel.: (516) 433-3000 Attorneys for Plaintiff

<u>Defendants' Addresses:</u>
THE CITY OF NEW YORK
Law Department of the City of New York
Office of Corporation Counsel
100 Church Street

New York, NY 10007

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P.O. ROBERTO ASSENCAO NYPD 115th Precinct 92-15 Northern Blvd. Jackson Heights, NY 11372

P.O. LISAURA MESSA (Address presently unknown)

LT. BRIAN KENNY (Address presently unknown)

DET. JOHN HACHADOORIAN (Address presently unknown)

DET. RONALD BUELL (Address presently unknown)

"JOHN/JANE DOES" 1-10 (Address presently unknown)

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 08/01/2016

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Attorneys for Plaintiff

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P.O. LISAURA MESSA (Address presently unknown)

LT. BRIAN KENNY (Address presently unknown)

DET. JOHN HACHADOORIAN (Address presently unknown)

DET. RONALD BUELL (Address presently unknown)

"JOHN/JANE DOES" 1-10 (Address presently unknown)

Ameer Benno, Esq. FINZ & FINZ, P.C. 410 East Jericho Turnpike Mineola, NY 11501 Tel.: (516) 433-3000 abenno@finzfirm.com

CV 16 - 4729 MANN. M.J.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

COUNTY OF QUEENS

NATHANIEL ISAAC,

information and belief:

Index No.:

Plaintiff,

VS.

COMPLAINT

THE CITY OF NEW YORK, P.O. ROBERTO ASSENCAO, P.O. LISAURA MESSA, LT. BRIAN KENNY, DET. JOHN HACHADOORIAN, DET. RONALD BUELL, AND "JOHN DOES 1-10",

JURY TRIAL REQUESTED

Defendants.

Plaintiff, by his attorneys, FINZ & FINZ, P.C., complaining of Defendants, alleges as follows, upon

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. Plaintiff brings this action for compensatory damages, punitive damages, and attorneys' fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and 42 U.S.C. § 1988 for violation of his civil rights under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

2. Plaintiff demands trial by jury of all issues properly triable thereby.

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MATSUMOTO, J. WANN, M.J.

VENUE

3. Venue is proper for the Supreme Court, County of Queens, pursuant to CPLR § 504(3), as it is the county within the City of New York in which the incident occurred.

THE PARTIES

- 4. Plaintiff NATHANIEL ISAAC is a resident of the County of Queens, in the City and State of New York.
- 5. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant CITY OF NEW YORK (hereinafter "CITY") was and is a municipal corporation, duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York.
- 6. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant CITY operated, controlled and maintained a police force known as the New York City Police Department ("hereinafter "NYPD").
- 7. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant P.O. ROBERTO ASSENCAO (hereinafter, "ASSENCAO") was and is an NYPD officer employed by defendant CITY.
- 8. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant ASSENCAO was acting within the course and scope of his employment with defendant CITY.
- 9. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant ASSENCAO was acting under color of state law.
 - 10. Defendant ASSENCAO is sued herein in both his individual and official capacities.
- 11. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant P.O. LISAURA MESSA (hereinafter, "MESSA") was and is an NYPD officer employed by defendant CITY.
- 12. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant MESSA was acting within the course and scope of her employment with defendant CITY.
 - 13. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant MESSA was acting under color of

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state law.

- 14. That defendant MESSA is sued herein in both her individual and official capacities.
- 15. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant LT. BRIAN KENNY (hereinafter, "KENNY") was and is an NYPD officer employed by defendant CITY.
- 16. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant KENNY was acting within the course and scope of his employment with defendant CITY.
- 17. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant KENNY was acting under color of state law.
 - 18. Defendant KENNY is sued herein in both his individual and official capacities.
- 19. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant DET. JOHN HACHADOORIAN (hereinafter, "HACHADOORIAN") was and is an NYPD officer employed by defendant CITY.
- 20. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant HACHADOORIAN was acting within the course and scope of his employment with defendant CITY.
- 21. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant HACHADOORIAN was acting under color of state law.
- 22. Defendant HACHADOORIAN is sued herein in both his individual and official capacities.
- 23. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant DET. RONALD BUELL (hereinafter, "BUELL") was and is an NYPD officer employed by defendant CITY.
- 24. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant BUELL was acting within the course and scope of his employment with defendant CITY.
- 25. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant BUELL was acting under color of state law.

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- 26. Defendant BUELL is sued herein in both his individual and official capacities.
- 27. That at all times herein mentioned, defendants JOHN/JANE DOES 1 through 10 (hereinafter, "DOES 1-10") were and are NYPD personnel employed by defendant CITY.
- 28. That at all times herein mentioned, defendants DOES 1-10 were acting within the course and scope of their employment with defendant CITY.
- 29. That at all times herein mentioned, defendants DOES 1-10 were acting under color of state law.
- 30. The names "JOHN DOES 1 through 10" are fictitious, as these defendants' true names are presently unknown.
- 31. These defendants are intended to be the law enforcement personnel involved in the stops, detentions, arrests, imprisonments, and prosecutions of plaintiff.
- 32. That defendants DOES 1-10 are sued herein in both their individual and official capacities.
- 33. That at all times herein mentioned, defendant CITY was under an obligation to use reasonable care in the hiring, training, retention, and supervision of its employees, including, without limitation, defendants ASSENCAO, MESSA, KENNY, HACHADOORIAN, BUELL, and DOES 1-10.
- 34. At all relevant times herein, the individual defendants acted jointly and in concert with each other.
- 35. Each individual defendant had the duty and the opportunity to protect plaintiff from the unlawful actions of the other individual defendants, but each individual defendant failed and refused to perform such duty, thereby proximately causing plaintiff's injuries.

JOINT AND SEVERAL LIABILITY

36. That all of the causes of action pleaded herein fall within one or more of the exceptions set forth in New York's Civil Practice Law & Rules § 1602 with respect to joint and several liability.

STATEMENT OF FACTS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

- 37. The facts stated in this complaint are based, <u>inter alia</u>, on the personal knowledge of plaintiff regarding events in which he was directly involved and upon information and belief. The sources of "information and belief" factual statements are primarily documents from the underlying criminal prosecution and related public documents which are currently available to plaintiff. Those sources are incomplete, particularly, without limitation, as to numerous documents and court exhibits. This complaint is drawn without the benefit of full discovery proceedings.
- 38. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth above as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 39. On or about June 25, 2008 at approximately 6:00 a.m., plaintiff was lawfully present inside his residence at 89 Porter Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.
- 40. At that time and date, defendants did enter plaintiff's residence without a warrant and forcibly seized, detained, and arrested plaintiff without legal basis, justification, privilege or probable cause.
- 41. Plaintiff was falsely imprisoned in defendants' custody for an extended period of time.
- 42. Defendants knowingly relayed false and/or misleading allegations against plaintiff to the Queens County District Attorney's Office, which used that information to draft an accusatory instrument against plaintiff.

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- 43. Thereafter, defendants signed said accusatory instrument, which, based on the information that defendants provided to the District Attorney's Office, charged plaintiff with various crimes that allegedly occurred between May 23, 2008 and May 27, 2008 inside of 39-35 21st Street in the County of Queens, City and State of New York.
- 44. Plaintiff did not commit the offenses with which he was charged, and no probable cause ever existed that plaintiff did so.
- 45. Defendants knew that there was never any legal basis to have detained or arrested plaintiff, and that there was no legal basis to prosecute him.
- 46. Upon information and belief, defendants suppressed and withheld evidence in order to ensure plaintiff's prosecution and achieve a criminal conviction at all costs.
- 47. All defendants conspired to lodge these allegations against plaintiff and initiate and continue a prosecution against him for offenses they knew he did not commit.
- 48. Defendants made these false allegations against plaintiff with actual malice, and out of spite and ill will, and with retributive purpose.
- 49. Defendants engaged in the above-described conduct intentionally and/or with deliberate indifference to plaintiff's constitutional and civil rights.
- 50. Thereafter, plaintiff was arraigned on that accusatory instrument. Plaintiff pleaded not guilty and bail was set. Plaintiff could not make bail, so he remained incarcerated.
- 51. Plaintiff thereafter was required on several occasions to appear in court to defend against the false criminal charges that had been lodged against him.
- 52. These charges included Burglary in the Third Degree, Criminal Mischief in the Fourth Degree, Criminal Possession of Stolen Property in the Fifth Degree, and Criminal Trespass in the Third Degree.

- 53. Upon information and belief, no witnesses could identify plaintiff as a perpetrator, there was no physical evidence linking plaintiff to the crimes, and plaintiff made no inculpatory statements.
 - 54. At all times, plaintiff has steadfastly maintained his innocence.
- 55. Plaintiff remained imprisoned in defendant CITY's custody in uninterrupted pretrial detention between the date of his arrest in July 2008 until and throughout his trial in July of 2010.
- 56. After a nonjury trial, plaintiff was convicted of all counts except for the trespass count, which was dismissed by the Supreme Court at trial.
- 57. Plaintiff remained incarcerated in the custody of defendant City between his conviction on or about July 21, 2010 through his sentencing, which occurred on or about September 8, 2010.
- 58. Plaintiff was thereafter sentenced to an indeterminate prison term of from 3 ½ to 7 years on the burglary count and concurrent one-year terms for the criminal mischief and criminal possession of stolen property counts.
- 59. Plaintiff was then immediately remanded to the custody of the New York State Department of Correctional Services, where he remained continuously incarcerated until on or about October 8, 2014.
- 60. On or about October 8, 2014, the Appellate Division, Second Department reversed plaintiff's convictions for burglary, criminal mischief, and criminal possession of stolen property and dismissed the accusatory instrument against him.
 - 61. Plaintiff was thereafter released from incarceration.
- 62. Plaintiff was incarcerated continuously, without interruption, between June 25, 2008 and October 8, 2014.

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- 63. On or about November 7, 2014, the entire criminal case and all criminal charges against plaintiff were dismissed by the Honorable S. Knopf of the Queens County Supreme Court.
- As a result of the foregoing, plaintiff sustained, <u>inter alia</u>, loss of earnings, loss of enjoyment of life, loss of liberty, severe physical injuries, emotional distress, mental anguish, embarrassment and humiliation, shame, indignity, damage to reputation, incurred monetary costs, economic loss, and deprivation of his constitutional rights.
- 65. The amount of damages sought in this action exceeds the jurisdictional limits of all lower Courts that might otherwise have jurisdiction.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

(False Arrest/Imprisonment Claim Under 42 U.S.C. § 1983)

- 66. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth above as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 67. Defendants, while acting in concert and within the scope of their employment and authority, and without a warrant, seized plaintiff, forcibly put plaintiff into handcuffs, placed plaintiff under arrest without any reasonable cause to believe that plaintiff had committed, was committing, or was about to commit any offense, and caused plaintiff to be imprisoned, and thereby deprived plaintiff of his rights, liberties, and freedoms under color of state law, including plaintiff's right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures under the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

(Malicious Prosecution Claim Under 42 U.S.C. § 1983)

68. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth above as though COMPLAINT - 8

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fully set forth at length herein.

69. Defendants, acting in concert and within the scope of their employment and authority, caused plaintiff to be prosecuted with malice and without probable cause – a prosecution that terminated in plaintiff's favor – in violation of plaintiff's right to be free from unreasonable seizures under the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

(Malicious Abuse of Process Claim Under 42 U.S.C. § 1983)

- 70. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth above as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 71. Defendants, acting in concert and within the scope of their employment and authority, employed regularly issued process against plaintiff compelling the performance or forbearance of prescribed acts. The purpose of activating the process was intent to harm plaintiff without economic or social excuse or justification, and the defendants were seeking a collateral advantage or corresponding detriment to plaintiff which was outside the legitimate ends of the process. Such collateral objective included, but was not limited to, covering up defendants' illegal actions in knowingly arresting plaintiff without any legal basis, justification, or probable cause.
- 72. The acts and conduct of the defendants were the direct and proximate cause of injury and damage to plaintiff and that by virtue of the aforementioned acts, plaintiff was deprived of his rights, privileges and immunities secured by the Constitution of the United States, including his rights under the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the U.S. Constitution to be free from unreasonable or unlawful searches and seizures and to due process of law.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

(Failure to Intervene Claim Under 42 U.S.C. § 1983)

- 73. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth above as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 74. Each individual defendant had an affirmative duty to intervene on behalf of plaintiff, whose constitutional rights were being violated in that defendant's presence by other police officers, but failed to intervene to prevent the unlawful conduct, despite having had a realistic opportunity to do so, in violation of plaintiff's right under the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

(Unreasonably Prolonged Detention Claim under 42 U.S.C. § 1983)

- 75. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth above as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 76. Upon information and belief, defendants' above-described conduct, including but not limited to defendants' mishandling of exculpatory and/or impeaching evidence and their concealment, suppression, and/or failure to turn said evidence over to the prosecution or the defense, and their intimidation, threats, coercion, and deceit of witnesses, engaged in under color of state law, violated rights, privileges and immunities secured to plaintiff by the Constitution of the United States of America including, inter alia, plaintiff's Fourth and Fourteenth Amendment right to be free from continued detention after it was or should have been known that plaintiff was entitled to release, as articulated in Russo v. City of Bridgeport, 479 F.3d 196 (2d Cir. 2007).

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- Plaintiff had a right to be free from continued detention stemming from defendants 77. intimidation and coercion of witnesses, and their mishandling, concealment, and/or suppression of the exculpatory and/or impeaching material described above, and defendants violated that right.
- That said Constitutional right arises both from plaintiff's Fourth Amendment right 78. to be free of unreasonable searches and seizures and plaintiff's Fourteenth Amendment right to substantive due process.
- 79. Defendants' conduct in this regard was so egregious and outrageous as to shock the conscience.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

(Denial of Fair Trial / Procedural and Substantive Due Process Under 42 U.S.C. § 1983)

- Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth above as though 80. fully set forth at length herein.
- By the conduct and actions described above, defendants, under color of state law, 81. conspired to interfere with and violate rights secured to plaintiff by the Constitution of the United States in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 1983, including, but not limited to, plaintiff's Fourth and Fourteenth Amendment rights.
- Defendants, through the actions alleged above, consciously disregarded known 82. and excessive risks to plaintiff's liberty and welfare and engaged in a deliberate and unjustified effort to manufacture guilt against plaintiff in furtherance of a plan to secure and sustain a conviction against plaintiff at all costs.
- This included a course of conduct and pattern of behavior whereby, upon 83. information and belief, defendants, inter alia, created and fabricated evidence to create the

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appearance of probable cause, and maliciously concealed and suppressed material exculpatory evidence, suborned perjurious testimony, developed and cultivated witnesses to testify falsely, and unduly and improperly influenced the statements and testimony of witnesses through deceit and other means.

- In furtherance of this course of conduct and pattern of behavior, defendants engaged in 84. intimidation, violence, threats, and deceit whereby defendants failed to disclose material exculpatory and/or impeaching evidence before, during, and after plaintiff's trial, fabricated evidence, coerced witnesses, and developed and cultivated witnesses to testify falsely that plaintiff committed offenses and/or crimes.
- That such conduct by defendants deprived plaintiff of liberty and constituted both 85. a substantive and procedural due process violation under the Fourteenth Amendment.
- Defendants' conduct precipitated and caused the sequence of events that ultimately 86. resulted in the plaintiff's conviction.
- Defendants' conduct precipitated and caused the sequence of events that 87. ultimately resulted in the deprivation of plaintiff's liberty.
- Defendants' conduct in this regard was so egregious and outrageous as to shock 88. the conscience.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

(Brady Violations Under 42 U.S.C. § 1983)

- Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges each and every allegation set forth above as though 84. fully set forth at length herein.
- The conduct and actions of defendants, acting under color of law, suppressed and 85. failed to disclose to either the prosecution or defense material evidence that was favorable to

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plaintiff, either because of its exculpatory or impeachment value, in violation of plaintiff's substantive and procedural due process rights and <u>Brady v. Maryland</u>, 373 U.S. 83 (1963) and its progeny.

86. Said suppression and failure to disclose was done intentionally, maliciously, with a deliberate indifference and/or with a reckless disregard for the natural and probable consequences of their acts, and was done without lawful justification or reason, and was designed to and did cause specific and serious pain and suffering in violation of plaintiff's Constitutional rights and guaranteed under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, and the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST DEFENDANT CITY

(Municipal Liability "Monell" Claim under 42 U.S.C. § 1983)

- 87. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation set forth above as though fully set forth at length herein.
- 88. The individual defendants, singly and collectively, while acting within the scope of their employment and authority and under color of state law, engaged in conduct that constituted customs, policies, practices, procedures, rules, or usages of the NYPD and their specific precinct(s) forbidden by the Constitution of the United States.
- 89. Upon information and belief, the foregoing customs, policies, practices, procedures, rules, and usages include, but are not limited to, making arrests without probable cause, concealing evidence, and committing perjury.
- 90. The abuse to which plaintiff was subjected was consistent with an institutionalized practice of the NYPD, which was known to and ratified by defendant CITY.

- 91. Despite knowledge of these institutionalized practices, defendant CITY has at no time taken any effective action to prevent NYPD personnel from continuing to engage in this type of misconduct.
- 92. Defendant CITY had prior notice of the vicious propensities of defendants ASSENCAO, MESSA, KENNY, HACHADOORIAN, BUELL, and DOES 1-10, but took no steps to train them, correct their abuse of authority, or to discourage their unlawful use of authority.
- 93. The failure of defendant CITY to properly train defendants ASSENCAO, MESSA, KENNY, HACHADOORIAN, BUELL, and DOES 1-10 included, without limitation, the failure to instruct them in applicable provisions of the Penal Law of the State of New York and federal and state constitutional limitations.
- 94. Defendant CITY authorized, tolerated as institutionalized practices, and ratified the misconduct detailed above by, among other things:
 - a. Failing to properly discipline, train, restrict, and control employees, including defendants ASSENCAO, MESSA, KENNY, HACHADOORIAN, BUELL, and DOES 1-10, known to be irresponsible in their dealings with citizens of the community;
 - b. Failing to take adequate precautions in the training, hiring, promotion, and retention of police personnel, including specifically defendants ASSENCAO, MESSA, KENNY, HACHADOORIAN, BUELL, and DOES 1-10.
 - c. Failing to forward to the office of the District Attorney of Queens County evidence of unlawful acts committed by police personnel;
 - d. Failing to establish or assure the functioning of a bona fide and meaningful departmental system for dealing with complaints of police misconduct, but

instead responding to these types of complaints with bureaucratic power and official denials calculated to mislead the public.

- 95. That the failure to supervise and/or train by defendant CITY of defendants ASSENCAO, MESSA, KENNY, HACHADOORIAN, BUELL, and DOES 1-10 rose to the level of deliberate indifference to the consequences of its actions, and indifference to plaintiff's rights, privileges and immunities secured by the Constitution of the United States of America, inter alia, plaintiff's Fourth and Fourteenth Amendment rights.
- 96. The NYPD has inadequately screened, hired, retained, trained, and supervised its employees, including the individual defendants herein, to respect the constitutional rights of those individuals with whom NYPD police officers come in contact.
- 97. The foregoing customs, policies, practices, procedures, rules, and usages constituted deliberate indifference to plaintiff's safety, well-being, and constitutional rights.
- 98. The foregoing customs, policies, practices, procedures, rules, or usages were the direct and proximate cause of the constitutional violations suffered by plaintiff.
- 99. The foregoing customs, policies, practices, procedures, rules, or usages were the moving force behind the constitutional violations suffered by plaintiff.

* * *

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF 1 WHEREFORE, plaintiff demands the following relief jointly and severally against all the 2 defendants: 3 Compensatory damages in an amount to be determined at trial; a. 4 Punitive damages in an amount to be determined at trial; ъ. 5 Attorney's fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1988; C. An award of plaintiff's costs of suit; 6 d. Pre-judgment and post-judgment interest; e. 7 Such other relief as this Court deems just and proper. f. 8 9 Mineola, New York Dated: August 1, 2016 10 11 Respectfully submitted, 12 FINZ, & FINZ, P.C. 13 By: 14 Amber Benno, Esq. 410 East Jericho Turnpike 15 Mineola, NY 11501 Tel.: (516) 433-3000 Attorneys for Plaintiff 16 17 18 19 20 COMPLAINT - 16

Index No. 700051/2016 SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF QUEENS
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-against-
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Defendants.
SUMMONS AND COMPLAINT
FINZ & FINZ, P. C. Attorneys for Plaintiff Nathaniel Isaac 410 East Jericho Turnpike Mineola, New York 11501 (516) 433-3000

TO:

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